

Package ‘groupedHyperframe’

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Title Grouped Hyper Data Frame

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Description To aggregate a hyper data frame, defined in the package 'spatstat.geom', according to a grouping structure. To facilitate downstream analysis based on a ``grouped" hyper data frame. The author has retired from academic research. Accordingly, this package should not be considered a validated tool for use in peer-reviewed publications or as the basis for grant applications. Backward compatibility with user-code published in <doi:10.1093/bioinformatics/btaf430> is not maintained in versions >= 0.4.0 of this package. The authors of those publications are the appropriate contacts for reproducibility inquiries.

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groupedHyperframe-package

groupedHyperframe: Grouped Hyper Data Frame

Description

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Author(s)

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See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/tingtingzhan/groupedHyperframe>

aggregate.hyperframe *Aggregate Hyper Data Frame*

Description

To [aggregate](#) a [hyperframe](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'hyperframe'
aggregate(x, by, ...)
```

Arguments

x	hyperframe
by	two-sided formula , whose right-hand-side contains only the regular-column names of the input x
...	additional parameters of the function aggregate.data.frame , <i>except for</i> simplify

Value

The S3 method [aggregate.hyperframe\(\)](#) returns a [hyperframe](#).

Examples

```
spatstat.data::demohyper |>
  aggregate(by = . ~ Group, FUN = unique)

spatstat.data::flu |>
  aggregate(by = . - frameid ~ virustype:stain, FUN = unique)

spatstat.data::osteo |>
  aggregate(by = . - brick ~ shortid, FUN = unique)
```

aggregate2 *Aggregate, an Alternative [formula](#)-Interface*

Description

An alternative aggregation function with a [formula](#)-interface, to avoid the [cbind](#)-operation in the function [aggregate.formula](#).

Usage

```
aggregate2(data, by, ...)
```

Arguments

data a [data.frame](#)
 by a two-sided [formula](#)
 ... additional parameters of the function [aggregate.data.frame](#), *except for* simplify

Details

The [cbind](#)-operation in the function [aggregate.formula](#) messes up with column(s) that are

[factor](#) and treat them as [integer](#)

[Surv](#) and treat them as [matrix](#)

The function [aggregate.data.frame](#) only accepts a [list](#) of [factors](#) for the parameter `by`.

Therefore, the function [aggregate2\(\)](#) is created to take care of the [factor](#) and [Surv](#) columns of the input, with a [formula](#)-interface.

Value

The function [aggregate2\(\)](#) returns a [data.frame](#).

Note

The function [aggregate.data.frame](#) is the workhorse of the function [aggregate.formula](#).

The function [as.hyperframe.data.frame](#) is **designed** to handle the [list](#)-columns returned by the function [aggregate](#).

as.vectorlist *Convert R Object to vectorlist*

Description

Convert R Object to vectorlist

Usage

```
as.vectorlist(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x a [list](#)
 ... additional parameters of the function [is.vectorlist\(\)](#)

Value

The function [as.vectorlist\(\)](#) returns an R object of S3 class 'vectorlist'.

Examples

```
list(rnorm(6L), rnorm(6L)) |>
  as.vectorlist()
```

aug4gam	<i>Augment Hypercolumn(s) for gam</i>
---------	---------------------------------------

Description

Augment *all* [numeric vector](#) hypercolumns in a [hyperframe](#) for [gam](#).

Usage

```
aug4gam(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'  
aug4gam(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'hyperframe'  
aug4gam(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'vectorlist'  
aug4gam(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	see Usage
...	additional parameters, currently of no use

Value

The S3 generic function [aug4gam\(\)](#) returns a [data.frame](#).

Author(s)

Tingting Zhan, Erjia Cui

`is.vectorlist` *Vector-List*

Description

To determine if an R object is a [list](#) of [vectors](#) with the same [storage.mode](#), [length](#) and [attributes](#).

Usage

```
is.vectorlist(
  x,
  mode = c("logical", "integer", "numeric", "double", "character")
)
```

Arguments

`x` a [listof](#)
`mode` [character](#) scalar other than 'any', 'complex' and 'raw', see the function [is.vector](#)

Value

The function `is.vectorlist()` returns a [logical](#) scalar.

Examples

```
spatstat.data::Kovesi$values |>
  is.vectorlist(mode = 'character') |>
  stopifnot()
spatstat.data::Kovesi$values |>
  is.vectorlist(mode = 'numeric')
```

pppBy

Hyper Data Frame with One-and-Only-One [ppp](#)-Hyper Column

Description

To create a hyper data frame with one-and-only-one [ppp](#)-hyper column.

Usage

```
pppBy(
  marks,
  coords = ~x + y,
  by,
  data,
  window = owin(xrange = range(.x), yrange = range(.y)),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

marks	one-sided formula , e.g., $\sim m1+m2$, where m_i 's are one or more marks
coords	one-sided formula , variable names of the x - and y -coordinates in data. Default value is $\sim x+y$.
by	two-sided formula
data	data.frame
window	observation window owin , default value is the x - and y -span of coords in data.
...	additional parameters of the function ppp

Value

The function `pppBy()` returns a hyper data frame with one-and-only-one [ppp](#)-hyper column.

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